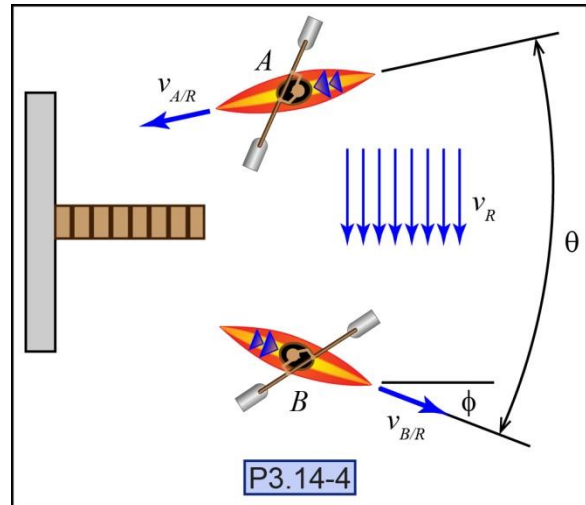


**P3.14-4)** Kayak *A* approaches the dock with a speed of 3 knots relative to the flow of the river in the direction shown ( $\theta = 60^\circ$ ). Kayak *B* leaves the dock with a speed of 5 knots relative to the flow of the river in the direction shown ( $\phi = 40^\circ$ ). The flow of the river may be assumed to be straight and in the direction shown. Calculate the speed of kayak *A* relative to kayak *B* and prove that this value does not depend on the river speed ( $v_R = 2$  knots). Also, calculate the absolute speed of both kayaks.



Given:

Find:

Solution:

**Write the velocities in vector form.**

$\mathbf{v}_R =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\mathbf{v}_{B/R} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\mathbf{v}_{A/R} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine the speed of kayak B.**

$v_B =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine the speed of kayak A.**

$v_A =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine the speed of kayak A relative to kayak B.**

$v_{A/B} =$  \_\_\_\_\_